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November 27, 2018

Board of Trustees Houston Municipal Employees Pension System 1201 Louisiana Suite 900 Houston, TX 77002

#### Subject: Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2018 with RSVS

Dear Members of the Board:

This actuarial valuation, which includes the Risk Sharing Valuation Study (RSVS, or sometimes referred to as the actuarial valuation or valuation in the report) describes the current actuarial condition of the Houston Municipal Employees Pension System (HMEPS), determines the City Contribution Rate, and analyzes changes in this calculated contribution rate. The results presented herein may not be applicable for other purposes. Valuations are prepared annually, as of July 1, the first day of the HMEPS plan year. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the HMEPS staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than HMEPS staff only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Board, or as required by law.

#### FINANCING OBJECTIVES AND FUNDING POLICY

Based on the changes to the HMEPS statute (revised statute), the employer contribution is now comprised of two pieces. The first piece is the amortization of the Legacy Liability as of July 1, 2016 determined as part of the July 1, 2016 Initial Risk Sharing Valuation Study (Initial RSVS). The Legacy Liability is amortized over a 30-year period beginning on July 1, 2017. These amortization payments are fixed and grow at the assumed payroll growth rate of 2.75%. The second part of the contribution is the City Contribution Rate determined by the valuation. The City Contribution Rate becomes effective twelve months after the valuation date, i.e., the rate determined by this July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation will be used by the Board when establishing the City Contribution Rate for the year beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020.

The contribution rate for fiscal year 2018 was determined by the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation. In addition to the Legacy Liability payment of \$124,030,357, the City contributed 8.17% of payroll in fiscal year 2018. The contribution rate for fiscal year 2019 was determined by the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation. The City will contribute a Legacy Liability payment of \$127,441,192 and 8.27% of payroll in fiscal year 2019.

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Based on the revised statute, the City contribution rate for FY 2020 is 8.32% of pay, which is estimated to be \$53.7 million based on an estimated payroll of \$645.6 million. The City contribution amount for FY 2020 for the Legacy Liability amortization payment as determined in the Initial RSVS is \$130.9 million.

Each future valuation will establish either a liability gain layer or a liability loss layer. These layers will represent unexpected increases/decreases in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (after subtracting out any remaining Legacy Liability or any remaining prior years' liability layers). Liability loss bases will be amortized over a 30-year period beginning one year after the valuation date.

Liability gain bases will be amortized over the same period as the largest liability loss base, or 30 years if there is no liability loss base. All bases are amortized using a level percentage of payroll amortization method. This year a liability gain layer of \$36.4 million is being established. It will be amortized over the same remaining amortization period as the Legacy Liability (twenty-eight years).

The contribution rate and liabilities are computed using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The employer contribution is the sum of two pieces: the Legacy Liability amortization payment (City Contribution Amount), and the City Contribution Rate. The City Contribution Rate is comprised of two pieces: (i) the employer normal cost rate and (ii) the amortization of the liability gain/loss layers. Both the normal cost rate and the amortization of the liability gain/loss layers are determined as a level percentage of pay. Except as discussed above, each liability gain/loss layer is amortized over a 30-year period beginning one year after the valuation date for which the layer was established. The amortization rate is adjusted for the one-year deferral in contribution rates.

#### PROGRESS TOWARD REALIZATION OF FINANCING OBJECTIVES

The funded ratio (the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liability) is a standard measure of a plan's funded status. In the absence of benefit improvements, it should increase over time, until it reaches 100%. The funded ratio as of July 1, 2018 is 57.7%. This is an increase from the 56.4% funded ratio from the prior year's valuation. However, the funded status alone is not appropriate for assessing the need for or the amount of future contributions and is not appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations.

The calculated City Contribution Rate for FY 2020 is 7.95%. However, because the System is less than 90% funded, the actual City Contribution Rate for FY 2020 will be the corridor midpoint of 8.32% of payroll as shown on page 2 of the Risk Sharing Valuation section of the valuation report. This rate is five basis points greater than the prior year rate as established in the Initial RSVS. Please see Table 6 for a detailed analysis of the change in the calculated employer contribution Board of Trustees

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rate from the prior year to this year. This rate does not include the separate contribution for the Legacy Liability amortization payment discussed above.

#### PLAN EXPERIENCE

As part of each valuation, we examine the System's experience relative to the assumptions. The aggregate results of these analyses are disclosed in Tables 5 & 6. This past fiscal year the System had an experience liability gain of approximately \$14.5 million and an experience gain on the actuarial value of assets of approximately \$34.9 million. The gain on the actuarial value of assets was due to the partial recognition of this year's and the prior year's investment performance. The liability gain was mostly offset due to the cost of living adjustment (COLA) payable in 2019 being higher than assumed (1.61% versus the 1% assumption). The COLA is based on the 5-year average return on the market value of assets.

#### **BENEFIT PROVISIONS**

The benefit provisions reflected in this valuation are those in effect following the passage and signing into law of SB 2190 in 2017. These changes were reflected in the prior valuation and there have been no changes to the benefit provisions since the prior valuation.

The benefit provisions are summarized in Appendix B.

#### ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Except as noted below, the actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the plan's actuary and the current assumptions were adopted by the Board in 2016 following a regularly scheduled experience study. The rationale for the current assumptions is included in that report, dated February 25, 2016.

As part of the legislation enacting the benefit changes, the investment return assumption (7.0%) was set into the revised statute (Article 6243h, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). This assumption is now considered a prescribed assumption under the actuarial standards of practice. With the lowering of the investment return assumption from 8.0% to 7.0% it was appropriate to make changes to other economic assumptions that are correlated with the investment return assumption. In particular, the inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25% and corresponding decreases in the salary increase assumptions and payroll growth assumptions were also made. These changes were all reflected in the prior actuarial valuation. There have been no changes to the actuarial assumptions since the prior valuation.

The actuarial assumptions represent estimates of future experience and are not market measures. The results of the actuarial valuation are dependent on the actuarial assumptions used. Actual Board of Trustees November 27, 2018 Page 4

results (and future measures) can and almost certainly will differ, as actual experience deviates from the assumptions. Even seemingly minor changes in the assumptions can materially change the liabilities, calculated contribution rates and funding periods. The actuarial calculations are intended to provide information for rational decision making.

This report does not include a more robust assessment of the risks of future experience not meeting the actuarial assumptions. Additional assessment of risks was outside the scope of this assignment.

All assumptions and methods are described in Appendix A.

#### GASB 67

The System was required to begin complying with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67 with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The GASB No. 67 information for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was provided to HMEPS in a separate report dated September 12, 2018 and is not contained in this report.

#### DATA

Member data for retired, active and inactive members was supplied as of July 1, 2018 by the HMEPS staff. We did not audit this data, but we did apply a number of tests to the data, and we concluded that it was reasonable and consistent with the prior year's data.

Asset information as of July 1, 2018 was taken from the audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2018.

#### CERTIFICATION

We were asked to determine if an unanticipated actuarial cost occurred in the administration of the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). It is our opinion that the administration of the DROP had no material unanticipated actuarial costs during the prior fiscal year.

All of the tables contained in this actuarial valuation report were prepared by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company. The trend data schedules shown in the Notes section of the HMEPS Financial Statements are based on our valuation reports, but were prepared by HMEPS staff. We certify that the information presented herein is accurate and fairly portrays the actuarial position of HMEPS as of July 1, 2018. Board of Trustees November 27, 2018 Page 5

All of our work conforms with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. In our opinion, our calculations also comply with the requirements of state law and, where applicable, the Internal Revenue Code, ERISA, and the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The undersigned are independent actuaries and consultants. Mr. Newton is an Enrolled Actuary and also a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries, and meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries. Both of the undersigned are experienced in performing valuations for large public retirement systems.

Sincerely, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

Mente

Joseph P. Newton, FSA, EA, MAAA Pension Market Leader and Actuary

Lewis Ward

Lewis Ward Consultant

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## Section I

Risk Sharing Valuation Study



### **RSVS Discussion**

The purpose of the Risk Sharing Valuation Study (RSVS) is to determine the City Contribution Rate for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date.

The first exhibit in this section shows the RSVS Corridor which was created from the Initial RSVS. Column 3 shows the Corridor Midpoint for each fiscal year. Columns 2 and 4 show the Corridor Minimum and Corridor Maximum respectively. Column 5 shows the actual City Contribution Rate for the fiscal year. As shown on the table the actual City Contribution Rate for FY 2020 is 8.32% of pay.

The next exhibit shows the individual pieces and total calculated City Contribution Rate. As shown on the table the calculated City Contribution Rate from this valuation is 7.95% of pay. Because The System is less than 90% funded, the actual City Contribution Rate will be set equal to the Corridor Midpoint of 8.32% of pay.

The third exhibit shows the Liability Gain/Loss Layers established by each RSVS. Columns 2 and 3 show the original liability layer and any remaining liability layer respectively. Column 4 is the payment on that particular layer for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date. The payment is determined using a level percentage of payroll and the remaining amortization period as shown in column 5. The payments reflect the one year delay between the determination of the payment and the beginning of the fiscal year in which the payment is made. The dollar amounts of the payments are summed and then converted to a percentage of payroll based on the projected payroll for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date. As shown on the table the current year's payment is negative which means it is a credit toward the contribution rate. The credit is determined to be 0.37% of projected payroll.

The next exhibit is the Legacy Liability schedule. This table shows the amortization schedule of the Legacy Liability for each of the 30 years over which it is scheduled to be paid. Column 2 shows the remaining Legacy Liability as of that measurement date while Column 3 shows the payment on the Legacy Liability for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is equal to the sum of the Remaining Layer column on the Liability Gain/Loss Layers exhibit and the Remaining Legacy Liability column as of the valuation date.



## **Risk Sharing Valuation - Corridor**

				Actual City
Fiscal Year Ending	Corridor Minimum	Corridor Midpoint	Corridor Maximum	Contribution Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
June 30, 2018	3.17%	8.17%	13.17%	8.17%
June 30, 2019	3.27%	8.27%	13.27%	8.27%
June 30, 2020	3.32%	8.32%	13.32%	8.32%
June 30, 2021	3.36%	8.36%	13.36%	
June 30, 2022	3.41%	8.41%	13.41%	
June 30, 2023	3.44%	8.44%	13.44%	
June 30, 2024	3.48%	8.48%	13.48%	
June 30, 2025	3.51%	8.51%	13.51%	
June 30, 2026	3.54%	8.54%	13.54%	
June 30, 2027	3.57%	8.57%	13.57%	
June 30, 2028	3.59%	8.59%	13.59%	
June 30, 2029	3.61%	8.61%	13.61%	
June 30, 2030	3.63%	8.63%	13.63%	
June 30, 2031	3.65%	8.65%	13.65%	
June 30, 2032	3.67%	8.67%	13.67%	
June 30, 2033	3.69%	8.69%	13.69%	
June 30, 2034	3.70%	8.70%	13.70%	
June 30, 2035	3.71%	8.71%	13.71%	
June 30, 2036	3.72%	8.72%	13.72%	
June 30, 2037	3.73%	8.73%	13.73%	
June 30, 2038	3.74%	8.74%	13.74%	
June 30, 2039	3.74%	8.74%	13.74%	
June 30, 2040	3.75%	8.75%	13.75%	
June 30, 2041	3.76%	8.76%	13.76%	
June 30, 2042	3.77%	8.77%	13.77%	
June 30, 2043	3.78%	8.78%	13.78%	
June 30, 2044	3.79%	8.79%	13.79%	
June 30, 2045	3.79%	8.79%	13.79%	
June 30, 2046	3.80%	8.80%	13.80%	
June 30, 2047	3.81%	8.81%	13.81%	



## **Risk Sharing Valuation – Calculated City Contribution Rate**

Fiscal Year Ending	Normal Employer Cost	Amortization Payment	Calculated City Contribution Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
June 30, 2018	8.17%	0.00%	8.17%
June 30, 2019	8.27%	0.00%	8.27%
June 30, 2020	8.32%	-0.37%	7.95%



### **Risk Sharing Valuation - Liability (Gain)/Loss Layers**

Valuation Year Base Established	0	Driginal Layer	Re	emaining Layer	Ye	ar's Payment <sup>1</sup>	Remaining Payments
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)
July 1, 2018	\$	(36,414,848)	\$	(36,414,848)	\$	(2,359,351)	28
July 1, 2017		(388,530)		(415,727)		\$ (25,387)	28
Total			\$	(36,830,575)	\$	(2,384,738)	
Projected Payroll for Fiscal Year +1 \$ 645,587,666							
Amortization Payments as % of Projected Pay -0.37%							
Single Equivalent Amortization Period from the Valuation Date <sup>2</sup> 29.0							

1 This is the payment to be made for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date.

2 The single equivalent amortization period includes all liability layers including the Legacy Liability.



## **Risk Sharing Valuation – Legacy Liability**

Fiscal Year End	Remaining Legacy Liability	Current Year's Payment <sup>1</sup>
(1)	(2)	(3)
June 30, 2017	\$ 2,123,880,499	\$ 124,030,357
June 30, 2018	2,144,254,135	127,441,192
June 30, 2019	2,162,525,731	130,945,824
June 30, 2020	2,178,451,118	134,546,835
June 30, 2021	2,191,766,369	138,246,872
June 30, 2022	2,202,186,338	142,048,661
June 30, 2023	2,209,403,104	145,955,000
June 30, 2024	2,213,084,295	149,968,762
June 30, 2025	2,212,871,302	154,092,903
June 30, 2026	2,208,377,355	158,330,458
June 30, 2027	2,199,185,471	162,684,546
June 30, 2028	2,184,846,251	167,158,371
June 30, 2029	2,164,875,526	171,755,226
June 30, 2030	2,138,751,826	176,478,494
June 30, 2031	2,105,913,679	181,331,653
June 30, 2032	2,065,756,717	186,318,273
June 30, 2033	2,017,630,566	191,442,026
June 30, 2034	1,960,835,534	196,706,682
June 30, 2035	1,894,619,048	202,116,115
June 30, 2036	1,818,171,846	207,674,309
June 30, 2037	1,730,623,900	213,385,352
June 30, 2038	1,631,040,048	219,253,449
June 30, 2039	1,518,415,320	225,282,919
June 30, 2040	1,391,669,929	231,478,199
June 30, 2041	1,249,643,912	237,843,850
June 30, 2042	1,091,091,395	244,384,556
June 30, 2043	914,674,442	251,105,131
June 30, 2044	718,956,486	258,010,522
June 30, 2045	502,395,281	265,105,812
June 30, 2046	263,335,367	272,396,221
June 30, 2047	-	-

1 Contribution amount for fiscal year that begins one year after valuation date



## Section II

Discussion



#### **Executive Summary**

ltem		July 1, 2018		July 1, 2017
Membership				
Number of:				
-Active members		11,880 <sup>1</sup>		12,066 <sup>1</sup>
-Retirees and beneficiaries		10,834		10,601
-Inactive members		<u>6,044</u>		<u>5,576</u>
-Total		28,758		28,243
Covered payroll (annualized)	\$	624,266	\$	623,577
City Contribution rates		8.32% <sup>2</sup>		8.27% <sup>2</sup>
Assets				
Market value	\$	2,988,864	\$	2,602,665
Actuarial value		2,874,585		<b>2,742,5</b> 39 <sup>3</sup>
<ul> <li>Estimation of return on market value</li> </ul>		8.7%		12.4%
<ul> <li>Estimation of return on actuarial value</li> </ul>		8.3%		8.1%
Employer contribution	\$	421,563	\$	182,557
Member contribution	\$	27,905	\$	15,902
<ul> <li>Ratio of actuarial value to market value</li> </ul>		96.2%		105.4%
• External cash flow as % of market value assets		5.3%		-3.4%
Actuarial Information				
<ul> <li>Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)</li> </ul>	\$	2,107,424	\$	2,123,492
GASB funded ratio		57.7%		56.4%
Employer normal cost %		8.32%		8.27%
<ul> <li>Amortization rate<sup>4</sup></li> </ul>		<u>-0.37%</u>		<u>0.00%</u>
Calculated City Contribution Rate		7.95%		8.27%
Estimated Total City Contribution for Fiscal Year		2020		2019
Estimated City Contribution Rate Payment	\$	53,712,894	\$	52,814,036
• Legacy Liability Payment (City Contribution Amount)	<u>\$</u>	130,945,824	<u>\$</u>	127,441,192
• Total	\$	184,658,718	\$	180,255,228

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000, unless otherwise noted

- 1 Counts include an additional 170 Group D members.
- 2 This rate is the City Contribution Rate determined in accordance with the State statute.
- 3 AVA includes a receivable of \$250 million in POB proceeds discounted from December 31, 2017.
- 4 See Risk Sharing Valuation Liability (Gain)/Loss Layers table for determination of rate.



### **Contribution Requirement**

- The Executive Summary shows the estimated total City Contribution for fiscal year 2020
  - Comprised of the known Legacy Liability payment (City Contribution Amount) of \$130.9 million, and
  - City Contribution Rate times estimated payroll of \$645.6 million = \$53.7 million
- The calculated City Contribution Rates shown on the Executive Summary are calculated rates for the twelve-month period beginning one year after the valuation date, based on statute
- Table 6 reconciles the calculated City Contribution Rates from the prior valuation to the current valuation
- Legacy Liability is \$2,144 million as of July 1, 2018
  - Schedule of Legacy Liability contribution amounts shown in RSVS section

Amortization of liability gain/loss layers are as follows

- Liability loss layers are amortized over a 30-year funding period beginning one year after the valuation date using level percentage of payroll amortization based on 2.75% payroll growth rate
- Liability gain layers are amortized over the remaining period of the largest liability loss layer (if no loss layer exists then over a 30-year funding period beginning one year after the valuation date) using level percentage of payroll amortization based on 2.75% payroll growth rate
- Amortization payment for layers is the sum of all payments divided by the projected payroll for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date
- No future growth in the number of active members is taken into account



### **Calculation of Contribution Rates**

The funds available to pay benefits come from two sources, contributions and investment income on those contributions (the majority of the funds available to pay benefits come from investment income). HMEPS receives contributions from two sources, employer contributions and member contributions. The employer contribution is comprised of two pieces. The first piece is a fixed dollar amount to amortize the Legacy Liability as of July 1, 2016 over a 30-year beginning on July 1, 2017. The second piece is the City Contribution Rate.

As shown in Table 1, the Calculated City Contribution Rate has two components:

- The employer normal cost percentage (NC%)
- The amortization percentage (Liability Layers%)

The NC% is the theoretical amount which would be required to pay the members' benefits, based on the plan provisions for new employees, if this amount had been contributed from each member's entry date and if the fund's experience exactly followed the actuarial assumptions. This is the amount it should cost to provide the benefits for an average new member. The employer NC% includes a provision for administrative expenses and is net of member contributions. The NC% is shown in Table 4.

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) is the difference between (i) the actuarial present value of all future benefits for all current participants of the fund, including active, inactive and retired members, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal costs. Thus the AAL represents the liability associated with past years. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is the difference between the AAL and the actuarial value of assets (AVA). It is the shortfall/excess between the liability associated with prior years (the AAL) and the assets actually accumulated (the AVA). This shortfall/excess can arise from several sources, including actuarial gains and losses which are caused by differences between actual experience and the plan's assumptions, changes to the plan's actuarial assumptions, and amendments to the benefit provisions.

As of July 1, 2016, the UAAL was partitioned off into the Legacy Liability which has its own amortization schedule. For all valuations after July 1, 2016, any unexpected gains or losses will be set up as new liability gain/loss layers. These layers will be amortized over 30 years (see previous discussion for liability gain layers) using level percentage of payroll amortization beginning on the July 1st one year after the valuation date the layer is determined. The sum of any such layers' payments will be aggregated and converted to a percentage of projected payroll for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date. This percentage is the Liability Layers' %.

In addition to these two pieces, the City Contribution Rate also includes a provision for administrative expenses which is equal to 1.25% of payroll as of July 1, 2018. The maximum addition to the City Contribution Rate for administrative expenses is 1.25%, unless the City agrees to a higher rate.



### **Calculation of Contribution Rates (Continued)**

If the addition to the City Contribution Rate for administrative expenses is capped at 1.25%, then administrative expenses in excess of 1.25% of payroll (if any) will become part of the next year's liability gain/loss layer.

The calculated City Contribution Rate necessary to meet the funding policy specified by statute for the twelve-month period beginning July 1, 2019 is 7.95%. Since the System is less than 90% funded and the calculated City Contribution rate is less than the Corridor Midpoint, the actual City Contribution Rate will be the Corridor Midpoint of 8.32% of projected payroll. Therefore, the FY 2020 City Contribution is estimated to be approximately \$184.6 million. The contribution is comprised of the fixed Legacy Liability payment of \$130.9 million and the estimated payment of \$53.7 based on the City Contribution Rate of 8.32% and a projected FY 2020 payroll of \$645.6 million.



#### **Financial Data and Experience**

As of July 1, 2018, HMEPS has a total market value of about \$2.99 billion. Financial information was gathered from the audited financial statements as of June 30, 2018.

This report includes a number of exhibits related to plan assets. Table 8 shows how the total market value is distributed among the various classes of investments. Current investment policy allocates 52.5% of invested assets to equities, 15% of invested assets to fixed income, and 32.5% of invested assets to alternative investments including real estate.

Table 9 shows a reconciliation of the market values between the beginning and end of FY2018.

As shown on Table 11, the dollar-weighted return net of investment expenses for FY2018 was 8.68%.

In determining the contribution rates and funded status of the System, an actuarial value of assets (AVA) is used, rather than the market value of assets. This "smoothing method" is intended to help reduce the volatility of the contribution rates from year to year. The method used to compute the AVA takes the difference between the actual market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets (based on the prior year's assumed investment return rate), and establishes a base each year which is equal to this difference less any unrecognized bases from prior years. If the current year's base is of opposite sign from the prior years' bases then it is offset dollar for dollar against the prior years' bases (oldest bases first) until either the prior years' bases or the current year's base is reduced to zero. Any remaining bases are then recognized over the remaining period for the base (5 less the number of years between the base year and the valuation year) in equal dollar amounts.

However, as part of the legislation enacted by the 2017 Legislature, all prior years' bases have been fully recognized as of July 1, 2016. In other words, the actuarial value of assets has been "marked to market" as of that date. Therefore, there are only two "smoothing" bases included in the determination of the actuarial value of assets in this valuation.

The development of the AVA is shown on Table 10. The AVA as of the valuation date is \$2.87 billion. The AVA is 96.2% of the MVA, compared to 96.1% last year.

In addition to the market return, Table 11 also shows the return on the actuarial value of assets for HMEPS. For FY2018, this return was 8.30%. Because this is greater than the assumed 7.0% investment return, an actuarial gain occurred decreasing the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities of the plan. Table 12 shows a summary of market and actuarial return rates in recent years.



#### **Member Data**

Member data as of July 1, 2018 was supplied electronically by HMEPS staff. While we did not audit this data, we did perform various tests to ensure that it was internally consistent, consistent with the prior year's data, and was reasonable overall.

Tables 15 and 16 show the summaries of certain historical data, including membership statistics. Table 17 shows the number of members by category (active, inactive, retired, etc.). Tables 18(a-d) show the active member statistics by Group and in total.

The number of active members decreased from 12,066 to 11,880, a 1.5% decrease. Note that the active member count includes 170 employees of HFC, HFF and CCSI for which incomplete information has been provided. These members are all assumed to be in Group D and to have the average group D profile.

The total annualized salaries shown on Table 2 and on the statistical tables is the amount that was supplied by HMEPS, annualized or adjusted for number of hours reported if necessary. For the cost calculations, the pays were adjusted in accordance with the actuarial assumptions to reflect one year's salary increase. The annualized salaries for active members increased 2.5% over last year.

We also show the projected payroll in Item 2 of Table 2. This is the payroll used for determining the expected amortization payments (amortization percentage) on liability (gain)/loss layers. The projected pay is determined by summing all pensionable pay for the just ended fiscal year for anyone who received pensionable pay during the year (actives, terminated members, retirees, etc.) and increasing this sum by the payroll growth rate. We believe this provides a better expectation of the upcoming year's actual payroll than the annualized salaries described above.

The overall trend in payroll is less significant than in prior years due to the creation of the Legacy Liability. The payments to amortize the Legacy Liability were determined in a manner that is consistent with the payroll growth assumption, but those payment amounts are now fixed and will be contributed whether payroll grows slower or faster than assumed. The current and future liability gain/loss layers will be amortized using level percentage of payroll amortization. Because the methodology used in amortizing these layers assumes a growing payroll into the future, if the payroll does not grow at the assumed 2.75% a year on average, the amortization payments (as a percentage of pay) will need to increase in order to keep the contribution dollars that amortize the UAAL growing at 2.75%. However, these layers are expected to be much smaller in magnitude than the Legacy Liability and therefore, the impact of the payroll growing slower or faster than expected is anticipated to be much less for many years into the future.



### **Benefit Provisions**

SB 2190 passed by the 2017 Legislature made a few but very significant changes to the benefit provisions of HMEPS. All of these changes were reflected in the July 1, 2016 valuation. However, the changes were significant enough that we have shown them again in this year's valuation as a reminder.

Prior to the legislation members hired prior to January 1, 2005 were eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) each year equal to 3% of their base benefit. Members hired on or after January 1, 2005 and prior to January 1, 2008 were eligible for a COLA based on 2% of their base benefit. Group D members were not eligible for any COLA. Effective with the 2018 COLA, all current and future retirees and their eligible survivors (except as noted below) will be eligible for the same COLA. The COLA will be equal to 50% of the average five-year net investment return rate less five percentage points, with a minimum of 0% and a maximum of 2%. Group D members who are entitled to an annuity but who terminated employment prior to the effective date of the 2017 legislation will not be eligible for any COLA.

Active members in DROP will not be eligible for a COLA on their DROP account until they have attained the age of 62 as of January 1 of the year in which the increase is made.

The member contributions for all groups have changed. The Group A member contribution rate increased from 5.0% of pay to 8.0% of pay. The Group B member contribution rate increased from no contributions to 4% of pay. The Group D member contribution rate increased from no contributions to 3% of pay. One-third of the Group D member contribution rate is attributed to a notional cash balance account. The contribution increases for Groups A and B were phased-in over a two year period.

The interest credit rate on DROP accounts and the notional cash balance accounts will be based on 50% of the five-year average of the net rate of return on the market value of assets, but not less than 2.5% or more than 7.5%.

#### Survivor benefits:

- Effective July 1, 2017, if an active Group A, Group B or Group D member with at least 5 years of credited service dies while still in service with the City (off-duty death), the spousal survivor benefit will be 80% of the normal accrued pension, payable immediately, provided that the spouse was married to the participant for at least one continuous year as of the date of death. If such spouse was married less than one continuous year as of the date of death, the survivor benefit is 50% of the normal accrued pension.
- Effective July 1, 2017, if a Group A or Group B retiree dies, the spousal survivor benefit will be 80% of the retirement benefit being received by the retiree at the time of death, payable immediately, provided that the spouse was married to the retiree at the time of death and for at least one continuous year as of the date of separation from service (the marriage requirement applies for separations from service on or after July 1, 2017). If such spouse was married less than one continuous year as of the date of separation from service (the marriage requirement applies for separations from service on or after July 1, 2017). If such spouse was married less than one continuous year as of the date of separation from service (the marriage requirement applies for separations from service on or after July 1, 2017), the spousal survivor



### **Benefit Provisions (Continued)**

benefit is 50% of the retirement benefit being received by the retiree at the time of death.

- Effective July 1, 2017, if a Group A or Group B deferred participant (not yet receiving a pension benefit) dies, the spousal survivor benefit is 50% of the normal accrued pension, payable at the participant's eligibility date. However, the surviving spouse can elect an earlier actuarially equivalent benefit.
- Effective July 1, 2017, if an active Group A, Group B or Group D member dies from a servicerelated (on-duty) death, the spousal survivor benefit is 80% of the participant's final average salary, payable immediately.

This valuation reflects all benefits offered to members.

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions since the prior valuation.

Appendix B of our Report includes a summary of the benefit provisions for HMEPS.



#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Except as noted below, the actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the plan's actuary. Except as noted below, the Board adopted the actuarial assumptions used in this valuation in connection with an actuarial experience study performed by GRS. Please see our report dated February 25, 2016 for a complete description of the changes in assumptions and for the rationale behind the current assumption set. These assumptions were used beginning with the July 1, 2015 valuation. It is anticipated that the next experience study will be conducted during the fall of 2021.

As part of the legislation enacting the benefit changes, the investment return assumption (7.0%) was set into statute (Article 6243h, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). In addition the actuarial cost method was also set into statute. This assumption and method are now considered prescribed assumptions and methods under the actuarial standards of practice.

Liabilities are determined using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The assumed investment return rate is 7.00%.

With the lowering of the investment return assumption from 8.0% to 7.0% it was appropriate to make changes to other economic assumptions that are correlated with the investment return assumption. In particular, we recommended and the Board adopted a decrease in the inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.25% and the corresponding decreases in the salary increase assumptions and payroll growth assumptions. These changes were reflected in the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation.

There have been no changes in the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation. Please see Appendix A of our Report for a complete description of these assumptions.



### **Funding Progress**

As you are aware, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements (GASB) that apply to the System have changed. In prior years, GASB Statement No. 25 applied to the System. Beginning with the 2014 fiscal year GASB Statement No. 67 applies to the System. The GASB No. 67 disclosure information has been provided in a separate report.

Although GASB No. 25 no longer applies to HMEPS, there are certain schedules from GASB No. 25 which we believe provide useful information and therefore we are continuing to include these in our report.

In particular, we are continuing to show the Schedule of Funding Progress (Table 14).



#### **Summary and Closing Comments**

This year's valuation should be seen as a positive. At this point in the amortization schedule (amortization period of 30 years as of last valuation), the UAAL is expected to increase year over year due to contribution payments not covering all interest charges. As a result of continued good investment performance the System's UAAL decreased compared to the prior year when an increase was expected. Based on the impact of compound interest, small gains at this point in the process can have a profound impact down the line.

The System's funded status increased from 56.4% to 57.7%.

The calculated City Contribution Rate is less than the normal cost and less than the Corridor Midpoint. However, because the System is less than 90% funded the City Contribution Rate is set equal to the Corridor Midpoint determined by the Initial RSVS at 8.32% of pay.

There was an actuarial liability experience gain, but it was mostly offset due to a higher than assumed cost of living adjustment (to be paid in 2019). There was also an actuarial gain on assets due to better than expected investment performance for the two prior years. Note that this is exactly how this type of COLA provision is designed to work (better than expected investment performance pays for the additional COLA). The liability gain layer established with this valuation and the prior valuation produce an annual amortization credit of 0.37%.

Given the plan's contribution policy, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 7.00% on the actuarial valuation of assets), it is expected that:

- a. The employer normal cost as a percentage of pay will remain relatively level over time (upward drift will likely occur due to generational mortality),
- b. The funded ratio will increase slowly,
- c. The UAAL will grow in nominal dollars until the amortization period on the Legacy Liability is reduced to approximately 20 years, at which point the UAAL will begin to decrease and be expected to be fully amortized by the July 1, 2047 valuation, or 29 years from the current July 1, 2018 valuation date.



Section III

Supporting Exhibits



# Table 1Summary of Cost Items

	Summary o		Valuation as of July 1, 2018			Valuatio July 1,		
		(	Cost Item	Cost as % of Pay	(	Cost Item	Cost as % of Pay	
			(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	
1.	Participants							
	a. Actives		11,880			12,066		
	b. Retirees		8,614			8,376		
	c. Disabled retirees		298			323		
	d. Beneficiaries		1,922			1,902		
	e. Inactive, deferred vested		3,457			3,409		
	f. Inactive, nonvested		2,587			2,167		
	g. Total		28,758			28,243		
2.	Covered payroll	\$	624,266		\$	623,577		
3.	Averages for active members							
	a. Average age		47.5			47.3		
	b. Average years of service		11.3			11.1		
	c. Average pay (\$)	\$	52,548		\$	51,681		
4.	Present value of future pay	\$	4,576,847		\$	4,588,360		
5.	Employer normal cost rate		8.32%			8.27%		
6.	Present value of future benefits	\$	5,515,462	883.5%	\$	5,400,319	866.0%	
7.	Present value of future normal costs	\$	533,454	85.5%	\$	534,288	85.7%	
8.	Actuarial accrued liability (6 - 7)	\$	4,982,008	798.1%	\$	4,866,031	780.3%	
9.	Present actuarial assets	\$	2,874,585	460.5%	\$	2,742,539	439.8%	
10.	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	2,107,424	337.6%	\$	2,123,492	340.5%	
(8 -	9)							
11.	Calculated City Contribution Rate							
	a. Employer normal cost		8.32%			8.27%		
	b. Amortization charge <sup>1</sup>		-0.37%			0.00%		
	c. Total		7.95%			8.27%		
12.	City Contribution Rate <sup>2</sup>		8.32%			8.27%		
13.	Average estimated return							
	a. Based on market value		8.68%			12.41%		
	b. Based on actuarial value		8.30%			8.08%		
14.	Funded ratio (9 ÷ 8)		57.7%			56.4%		
15.	Legacy Liability payment for fiscal year beginning one year after valuation date	\$	130,946		\$	127,441		

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000

1 This is the layered amortization payment excluding the Legacy Liability payment

2 This is the payment to be made for the fiscal year beginning one year after the valuation date.



## Table 2Calculation of Annual Required Contribution Rate

		Ju	July 1, 2018		uly 1, 2017
			(1)		(2)
1.	Annualized salaries on valuation date	\$	624,266	\$	623,577
2.	Projected payroll for upcoming fiscal year <sup>1</sup>	\$	628,309	\$	621,530
3.	Present value of future pay	\$	4,576,847	\$	4,588,360
4.	Employer normal cost rate		8.32%		8.27%
5.	Actuarial accrued liability for active members				
	a. Present value of future benefits for active members	\$	2,422,265	\$	2,407,217
	b. Less: present value of future normal costs		(437,574)		(437,302)
	c. Less: present value of additional employee		(95 <i>,</i> 880)		(96,986)
	contributions <sup>2</sup>				
	d. Actuarial accrued liability	\$	1,888,811	\$	1,872,929
6.	Total actuarial accrued liability for:				
	a. Retirees and beneficiaries	\$	2,909,411	\$	2,815,696
	b. Inactive participants	\$	183,786		177,406
	c. Active members (Item 5d)	\$	1,888,811		1,872,929
	d. Total	\$	4,982,008	\$	4,866,031
7.	Actuarial value of assets	\$	2,874,585 <sup>3</sup>	\$	<b>2,742,5</b> 39 <sup>3</sup>
8.	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) (Item 6d - Item 7)	\$	2,107,424	\$	2,123,492

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000

- 1 The projected payroll is the actual pay received for the just completed fiscal year (including pay for any member who received pay during the year: i.e. active, terminated, retired, etc.). This pay is then increased by the payroll growth rate.
- 2 Additional employee contributions in excess of the 3.00% employee rate used to determine the normal cost.
- 3 Actuarial value of assets marked to market at July 1, 2016. Includes receivable of \$250 million Pension Obligation Bonds proceeds to be received by December 31, 2017.



# Table 3Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits

			July 1, 2018			July 1, 2017
				(1)		(2)
1.	Act	ive members				
	a.	Retirement benefits	\$	2,188,774	\$	2,171,049
	b.	Deferred termination benefits		132,068		136,208
	с.	Refunds		13,821		12,973
	d.	Death benefits		76,470		75,283
	e.	Disability benefits		11,132		11,704
	f.	Total	\$	2,422,265	\$	2,407,217
_						
2.	Me	mbers in Pay Status				
	a.	Service retirements	\$	2,589,528	\$	2,502,522
	b.	Disability retirements		33,702		36,073
	с.	Beneficiaries		286,181		277,101
	d.	Total	\$	2,909,411	\$	2,815,696
2						
3.	Ina	ctive members			,	
	a.	Vested terminations	\$	179,900	\$	173,698
	b.	Nonvested terminations		3,886		3,708
	с.	Total	\$	183,786	\$	177,406
			,			
4.	Tota	al actuarial present value of future benefits	\$	5,515,462	Ş	5,400,319

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000



## Table 4Analysis of Normal Cost

			July 1, 2018	July 1, 2017
			(1)	(2)
1.	Gro	oss normal cost rate		
	a.	Retirement benefits	7.49%	7.44%
	b.	Deferred termination benefits	1.41%	1.41%
	с.	Refunds	0.61%	0.61%
	d.	Disability benefits	0.13%	0.13%
	e.	Death benefits	0.43%	0.43%
	f.	Administrative expenses	1.25%	1.25%
	g.	Total	11.32%	11.27%
2.	Em	ployee Contribution rate <sup>1</sup>	3.00%	3.00%
3.	Em	ployer Normal Cost (including Administrative Expenses)	8.32%	8.27%

1 Normal cost is determined using Ultimate Entry Age method. Therefore, Employee Contribution rate is the rate for a Group D new hire.



## Table 5 Calculation of Total Actuarial Gain or Loss

1. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) as of July 1, 2017	\$ 2,123,492
2. Total normal cost and administrative expense for year	77,274
3. Employer and Employee Contributions during year ending June 30, 2018	(199,468)
4. Interest on UAAL for one year	148,644
5. Interest on Item 2 and Item 3 for one-half year	 (4,204)
6. Expected UAAL as of July 1, 2018 (1+2+3+4+5)	\$ 2,145,738
7. Actual UAAL as of July 1, 2018	\$ 2,107,423
8. Actuarial gain/(loss) for the period (6 - 7)	\$ 38,315
SOURCE OF GAINS/(LOSSES)	
9. Asset gain/(loss) (See Table 10)	\$ 34,933
10. Plan changes	0
11. Assumption changes	0
12. Method change	0
13. Next Year's COLA different than assumed	(11,082)
14. Liability experience gain/(loss) for the period	 14,464
15. Actuarial gain/(loss) for the period	\$ 38,315

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000



# Table 6Change in Calculated Contribution Rate Since the Prior Valuation

1. Calculated City Contribution Rate as of July 1, 2017					
2.	Cha	inge in Contribution Rate During Year			
	a.	Change in Employer Normal Cost	0.05%		
	b.	Recognition of prior years' asset (gains)	(0.25%)		
	с.	Actuarial gain from current year asset performance	(0.10%)		
	d.	Actuarial loss from COLA	0.11%		
	e.	Actuarial gain from liability sources	(0.13%)		
	f.	Effect of projected payroll growing slower than expected	0.00%		
	g.	Change in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods	0.00%		
	h.	Total Change		(0.32%)	
Calculated City Contribution Rate as of July 1, 2018					



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Table 7	Vear Term Outle
	Z

	Unfunded		Calculated			For Fiscal					
	Actuarial		City		Actuarial	Year					
Valuation as	Valuation as Accrued Liability		Funded Contribution	Corridor	Corridor Value of Fund	Ending	Estimated	Employer	Employee	Benefit	Net External
of July 1,	of July 1, (UAAL, in 000s)	Ratio	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Midpoint	(in 000s)	June 30,	Payroll	Contributions	Contributions Contributions	Payments <sup>2</sup>	Cash Flow
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)
2018	\$    2,107,422	57.7%	7.95%	8.27%	8.27% \$ 2,874,585	2019	2019 \$ 628,309	\$ 179,402	Ŷ	26,149 \$ 321,843	\$ (116,292)
2019	2,123,441	58.2%	7.97%	8.32%	2,955,513	2020	645,588	184,659	32,378	341,821	(124,784)
2020	2,136,764	58.7%	8.00%	8.36%	3,033,321	2021	663,341	190,002	31,981	360,918	(138,936)
2021	2,147,230	59.1%	7.99%	8.41%	3,101,937	2022	681,583	195,568	31,604	379,981	(152,808)
2022	2,154,391	59.5%	8.00%	8.44%	3,161,007	2023	700,327	201,156	31,249	399,206	(166,800)
2023	2,158,117	59.8%	7.99%	8.48%	3,209,738	2024	719,586	206,976	30,932	417,902	(179,994)
2024	2,157,911	60.1%	7.99%	8.51%	3,248,232	2025	739,374	212,890	30,659	436,249	(192,701)
2025	2,153,529	60.3%	7.98%	8.54%	3,276,277	2026	759,707	218,972	30,429	453,997	(204,596)
2026	2,144,489	60.6%	7.98%	8.57%	3,293,981	2027	780,599	225,228	30,252	424,213	(168,733)
2027	2,130,421	61.1%	7.96%	8.59%	3,350,021	2028	802,066	231,582	30,115	433,449	(171,752)
2028	2,110,853	61.7%	7.94%	8.61%	3,406,860	2029	824,122	238,115	30,028	439,805	(171,661)

These projections are based on the HMEPS statute as amended by SB 2190 of the 2017 Legislature.

Actual City Contribution Rate will be set to Corridor Midpoint if Fund is less than 90% funded. Contribution rate goes into effect 12 months after the valuation date Includes refunds taken by terminating members and plan administrative expenses Note: Dollar amounts in \$000. 7 7



## Table 8Statement of Plan Net Assets

			July 1, 2018		July 1, 2017	
Α.	ASSE	TS		(1)		(2)
	1.	Current Assets				
		a. Cash and short term investments				
		1) Cash on hand	\$	31,378	\$	7,917
		2) Short term investments		61,457		54,126
		b. Accounts Receivable				
		1) Sale of investments		3,966		4,303
		2) Other		14,337		11,472
		c. Total Current Assets	\$	111,138	\$	77,818
	2.	Long Term Investments				
		a. US. Government securities	\$	69,615	\$	72,675
		b. Corporate bonds		198,328		202,121
		c. Capital stocks		683,340		629,846
		d. Commingled Funds		787,746		564,659
		e. LP's, real estate trusts, loans and mortgages		1,159,309		1,071,415
		f. Total long term investments	\$	2,898,338	\$	2,540,718
	3.	Other Assets				
		a. Collateral on securities lending	\$	49,472	\$	47,371
		b. Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net		133		178
		c. Total other assets	\$	49,605	\$	47,549
	4.	Total Assets	\$	3,059,080	\$	2,666,084
B.	LIAB	ILITIES				
	1.	Current Liabilities				
		a. Amounts due on asset purchases	\$	9,149	\$	9,784
		b. Accrued liabilities		11,520		6,265
		c. Collateral on securities lending		49,472		47,371
	2.	 Total Liabilities		70,141		63,420
	3.	Deferred inflows of resources		75		0
	Net	Assets Held in Trust	\$	2,988,864	\$	2,602,665
C.	TARC	GET ASSET ALLOCATION FOR CASH & LONG TERM INVESTMENTS				
	1.	Cash		0.0%		0.0%
	2.	Fixed Income		15.0%		15.0%
	3.	Real Estate		10.0%		10.0%
	4.	Private Equity		17.5%		17.5%
	5.	Global Equity		35.0%		35.0%
	6.	Inflation-Linked Asset Class		12.5%		12.5%
	7.	Absolute Return		10.0%		10.0%
	8.	Total		100.0%		100.0%

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000

Columns may not add due to rounding



## Table 9Reconciliation of Plan Net Assets

			Year Ending					
		Ju	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017			
			(1)		(2)			
1.	Market value of assets at beginning of year	\$	\$ 2,602,665		2,400,023			
	a. Prior year adjustment		(4,606)		0			
	b. Restated Market value	\$	2,598,058	\$	2,400,023			
2.	Revenue for the year							
	a. Contributions							
	i. Member contributions	\$	\$ 27,905		15,902			
	ii. Employer contributions (see note)		421,563		182,557			
	iii. Total	\$	449,468	\$	198,459			
	b. Net investment income							
	i. Interest	\$	10,530	\$	21,741			
	ii. Dividends		19,974		19,455			
	iii. Earnings from LP's and real estate trusts		5		5,102			
	iv. Net appreciation (depreciation) on investments		208,672		251,652			
	v. Net proceeds from lending securities		301		353			
	vi. Less investment expenses		(7,668)		(7,391)			
	vii. Other		701		1,272			
	c. Total revenue	\$	681,983	\$	490,643			
3.	Expenditures for the year							
	a. Refunds	\$	\$ 807		718			
	b. Benefit payments		283,928		280,456			
	c. Administrative and miscellaneous expenses		6,442		6,827			
	d. Total expenditures	\$	291,177	\$	288,001			
4.	Increase in net assets (Item 2c - Item 3d)	\$	390,806	\$	202,642			
5.	Market value of assets at end of year (Item 1 + Item 4)	\$	2,988,864	\$	2,602,665			

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000

Columns may not add due to rounding



#### Table 10 **Development of Actuarial Value of Assets**

		Jı	uly 1, 2018
1.	Actuarial value of assets at beginning of year	\$	2,742,539
2.	Net new investments		
	a. Contributions 1	\$	199,468
	b. Benefits and refunds paid		(284,735)
	c. Administrative Expenses		(6,442)
	d. Subtotal		(91,709)
3.	Assumed investment return rate for fiscal year		7.00%
4.	Assumed investment income for fiscal year	\$	188,822
5.	Expected actuarial value at end of year $(1+2+4)^1$	\$	2,839,652
6.	Market value of assets at end of year	\$	2,988,864
7.	Difference (6 - 5)	\$	149,212

8. Development of amounts to be recognized as of July 1, 2018:

Fiscal Year End	C C (Sh In	emaining Deferrals of Excess oortfall) of vestment Income		setting of ns/(Losses		et Deferrals Remaining	Years Remaining		ognized for valuation		aining after valuation	
		(1)		(2)	(3)	) = (1) + (2)	(4)	(5)	= (3) / (4)	(6)	= (3) - (5)	
2014	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	1	\$	0	\$	0	
2015		0		0		0	2		0		0	
2016		0		0		0	3		0		0	
2017		101,810		0		101,810	4		25,453		76,357	
2018		47,402	_	0		47,402	5		9,480		37,922	_
Total	\$	149,212	\$	0	\$	149,212		\$	34,933	\$	114,279	
9. Final actu	aria	l value of	plan	net asse	ts, er	d of year	(Item 6 - Ite	em 8	Column	6) \$	2,87	4,585
10. Asset gair	lo:	ss) for yea	r (Ite	m 9 - Ite	em 5)					\$	3	4,933
11. Asset gair	lo:	ss) as % of	factu	ial actua	rial a	ssets					1	L.22%

12. Ratio of actuarial value to market value

Notes: Remaining deferrals in Column (1) for prior years are from last year's report column (6) of Table 10. The number in the current year is the difference between the remaining deferrals for prior years and the total Excess/(Shortfall) return shown in Item 7. Column 2 is a direct offset of the current year's excess/(shortfall) return against prior years' excess/(shortfall) of the opposite type.

Total employer and member contributions excluding \$250 million pension obligation bonds proceeds 1



96.2%

# Table 11 Estimation of Investment Return Yield (Net of Expenses)

Item	Ju	ıly 1, 2018	Ju	uly 1, 2017
(1)		(2)		(3)
A. Market value yield				
1. Beginning of year net market assets	\$	2,598,058	\$	2,400,023
2. Net Investment income (net of investment expenses)		232,515		292,184
3. End of year market assets		2,988,864		2,602,665
4. Estimated market value yield		8.68%		12.41%
B. Actuarial value yield				
1. Beginning of year actuarial assets	\$	2,742,539	\$	2,400,023
2. Net Investment income (net of investment expenses)		223,755		190,374
3. End of year actuarial assets		2,874,585		<b>2,500,855<sup>1</sup></b>
4. Estimated actuarial value yield		8.30%		8.08%

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000

1 Reflects actuarial value of assets prior to recognition of Pension Obligation Bond receivable



# Table 12History of Investment Returns

For Fiscal Year Ending	Market Value	Actuarial Value
(1)	(2)	(3)
June 30, 2005	12.85%	4.12%
June 30, 2006	16.41%	8.95%
June 30, 2007	17.85%	21.51%
June 30, 2008	(0.25%)	8.97%
June 30, 2009	(20.14%)	2.60%
June 30, 2010	11.21%	3.54%
June 30, 2011	21.56%	6.27%
June 30, 2012	(0.89%)	4.46%
June 30, 2013	13.02%	5.39%
June 30, 2014	16.04%	7.95%
June 30, 2015	2.78%	6.82%
June 30, 2016	1.21%	(3.81%)
June 30, 2017	12.41%	8.08%
June 30, 2018	8.68%	8.30%
Average Compound Return - last 5 years	8.08%	5.36%
Average Compound Return - last 10 years	5.96%	4.90%

Note: Investment returns are estimations made by the actuary. Prior to June 30, 2016 these are dollar-weighted returns net of administrative and investment expenses. Beginning with June 30, 2016 the returns are net of investment expenses only.



 Table 13

 Historical Solvency Test

Portions of Accrued Liabilities Covered by

	Aggrega	Aggregated Accrued Liabilities for	ilities for			Reported Assets	5
Valuation Date	Active Members Contributions	Retirees Beneficiaries and Vested Terminations <sup>1</sup>	Members (City Financed Portion)		(5)/(2)	[(5)-(2)]/(3)	[(5)-(2)-(3)]/(4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8)
July 1, 1999	\$ 33,985	\$ 599,270	\$    706,678	\$ 1,222,240	100.0%	100.0%	83%
July 1, 2000	38,292	646,611	824,470	1,376,020	100.0%	100.0%	84%
July 1, 2001	36,449	804,901	1,114,456	1,490,179	100.0%	100.0%	58%
July 1, 2002	35,888	893,568	1,585,733	1,519,717	100.0%	100.0%	37%
July 1, 2003	44,388	1,115,801	2,118,063	1,510,264	100.0%	100.0%	17%
July 1, 2004	62,062	1,355,157	1,216,599	1,501,235	100.0%	100.0%	7%
July 1, 2005	48,150	1,577,345	1,099,777	1,777,656	100.0%	100.0%	14%
July 1, 2006	58,043	1,729,863	1,106,389	1,867,293	100.0%	100.0%	7%
July 1, 2007	69,544	1,824,992	1,234,178	2,193,745	100.0%	100.0%	24%
July 1, 2008	81,182	1,904,333	1,310,855	2,310,384	100.0%	100.0%	25%
July 1, 2009	95,268	1,974,714	1,381,428	2,284,442	100.0%	100.0%	16%
July 1, 2010	107,421	2,058,813	1,466,236	2,273,142	100.0%	100.0%	7%
July 1, 2011	118,202	2,154,959	1,517,167	2,328,804	100.0%	100.0%	4%
July 1, 2012	124,848	2,312,548	1,529,468	2,344,128	100.0%	96.0%	%0
July 1, 2013	132,238	2,431,950	1,565,395	2,382,585	100.0%	92.5%	%0
July 1, 2014	139,203	2,538,225	1,611,151	2,490,521	100.0%	92.6%	%0
July 1, 2015	143,097	2,832,860	1,789,762	2,582,510	100.0%	86.1%	%0
July 1, 2016	146,407	2,894,489	1,694,103	2,625,896 <sup>2</sup>	100.0%	85.7%	%0
July 1, 2017	149,190	2,993,101	1,723,740	2,742,539²	100.0%	86.6%	%0
July 1, 2018	162,180	3,093,196	1,726,632	2,874,585	100.0%	87.7%	%0
Note: Dollar amounts in \$000	\$000						

Column (3) included AAL for DROP participants until 2003, thereafter in Column (4) Actuarial value of assets includes \$250 million in future pension obligation bond proceeds as a receivable. 7 7



 Table 14

 Schedule of Funding Progress

Unfunded

Salaries (4)/(6) UAAL as % of 249.0% 453.0% 309.3% 203.8% 216.5% 268.3% 303.7% 317.7% 316.0% 373.8% 346.8% 340.5% 28.9% 30.8% 111.3% 234.2% 243.1% 208.3% 246.8% 337.6%  $\sim$ 399,794 448,925 568,992 584,025 432,604 418,234 404,565 534,394 422,496 483,815 608,210 624,266 390,314 366,190 539,023 550,709 407,733 544,665 549,971 523,577 Annualized Salaries (9) ŝ **Funded Ratio** 91.2% 91.2% 76.2% 60.4% 46.1% 57.0% 65.2% 64.5% 70.1% 70.1% 66.2% 59.1% 57.7% 58.1% 54.2% 56.4% 57.7% 62.6% 61.4% 55.5% (2)/(3)2 465,627 947,616 985,986 1,359,328 1,461,524 Accrued Liability 117,693 133,353 934,968 1,166,968 1,622,736 ,746,998 ,798,058 2,183,209 2,109,103 995,472 1,767,987 1,132,582 1,027,002 ,123,492 2,107,424 (UAAL) (3) - (2) Actuarial (4)ŝ 1,339,933 2,515,189 3,128,713 3,451,410 4,765,719 4,734,999 4,982,008 Accrued Liability 1,509,373 1,955,806 3,278,251 2,633,817 2,725,272 2,894,295 3,296,370 3,632,470 3,790,328 3,966,864 4,129,583 1,288,579 4,866,031 Actuarial (AAL) 3 ŝ 1,777,656 2,193,745 2,310,384 2,328,804 2,582,510 2,625,896 2,742,539 2,874,585 1,222,240 1,376,020 l,490,179 1,510,264 l,501,235 1,867,293 2,284,442 2,273,142 2,344,128 2,382,585 2,490,521 1,519,717 **Actuarial Value** of Assets (AVA) (2)ŝ July 1, 1999 July 1, 2006 July 1, 2009 July 1, 2010 uly 1, 2013 uly 1, 2014 uly 1, 2015 uly 1, 2016 uly 1, 2017 luly 1, 2018 luly 1, 2000 luly 1, 2003 July 1, 2005 July 1, 2007 July 1, 2008 uly 1, 2012 luly 1, 2002 luly 1, 2004 uly 1, 2011 luly 1, 2001 Date (1)



# Table 15Historical Active Participant Data

Valuation Date	Active Count	Average Age	Average Svc	Annualized Salaries	Average Salary	Percent Changes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1991	12,488	40.3	N/A	\$284,914	\$22,815	6.2%
1992	12,913	40.5	N/A	\$314,686	\$24,370	6.8%
1993	13,112	40.9	N/A	\$340,249	\$25,949	6.5%
1994	14,027	40.9	N/A	\$366,561	\$26,133	0.7%
1995	14,364	41.3	N/A	\$378,511	\$26,351	0.8%
1996	14,067	41.8	N/A	\$367,610	\$26,133	(0.8%)
1998 <sup>1</sup>	13,764	42.8	9.8	\$394,919	\$28,692	9.8%
1999 <sup>1</sup>	13,286	42.9	9.8	\$396,617	\$29,852	4.0%
2000 <sup>1</sup>	13,126	43.7	10.3	\$421,591	\$32,119	7.6%
2001 <sup>1</sup>	12,928	43.9	10.3	\$413,021	\$31,948	(0.5%)
2002	12,527	44.7	11	\$399,794	\$31,915	(0.1%)
2003	12,120	45.2	11.2	\$390,314	\$32,204	0.9%
2004	11,856	45.1	10.3	\$366,190	\$30,886	(4.1%)
2005 <sup>2</sup>	11,974	44.8	9.6	\$404,565	\$33,787	9.4%
2006	12,145	44.8	9.3	\$422,496	\$34,788	3.0%
2007	12,376	45.2	9.3	\$448,925	\$36,274	4.3%
2008	12,653	45.2	9.3	\$483,815	\$38,237	5.4%
2009	13,333	45.1	9.2	\$539,023	\$40,428	5.7%
2010	12,913	45.8	10.0	\$550,709	\$42,648	5.5%
2011	12,345	46.5	10.6	\$544,665	\$44,120	3.5%
2012	11,670	46.8	11.1	\$534,394	\$45,792	3.8%
2013	11,781	46.9	11.1	\$549,971	\$46,683	1.9%
2014	11,949	46.9	11.1	\$568,992	\$47,618	2.0%
2015	11,827	47.1	11.2	\$584,025	\$49,381	3.7%
2016	12,103	47.1	11.1	\$608,210	\$50,253	1.8%
2017	12,066	47.3	11.1	\$623,577	\$51,681	2.8%
2018	11,880	47.5	11.3	\$624,266	\$52 <i>,</i> 548	1.7%

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000

- 1 Excludes DROP participants
- 2 Beginning with the 2005 valuation, a change in methodology now annualizes payroll for new entrants. If the methodology had not been changed, the covered payroll for 2005 would have been \$376,208,345 and the average payroll would have been \$31,419.



# Table 16Retirees, Beneficiaries, and Disabled Participants Added to and Removed from<br/>Rolls

	Added	to Rolls	Removed	from Rolls	Rolls-En	d of Year		
Valuation July 1,	Number	Annual Allowances	Number	Annual Allowances	Number	Annual Allowances	% Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1999	432	\$ 2,131	303	\$ 1,515	4,999	\$ 46,732	7.7%	\$ 9,348
2000	360	3,412	255	1,380	5,104	49,970	6.9%	9,790
2001	652	8,937	299	1,030	5,457	57,877	15.8%	10,606
2002	777	15,061	306	2,476	5,928	72,256	24.8%	12,189
2003	598	11,497	311	1,873	6,215	84,519	17.0%	13,599
2004	942	25,189	279	2,624	6,878	107,084	26.7%	15,569
2005	861	18,054	216	1,926	7,523	123,212	15.1%	16,378
2006	654	14,722	397	2,246	7,780	135,688	10.1%	17,441
2007	440	10,280	249	3,007	7,971	142,961	5.4%	17,935
2008	464	11,052	280	3,420	8,155	150,592	5.3%	18,466
2009	474	11,430	289	3,667	8,340	158,356	5.2%	18,988
2010	476	12,040	290	3,938	8,526	166,458	5.1%	19,524
2011	502	13,202	311	4,451	8,717	175,210	5.3%	20,100
2012	654	16,299	293	3,993	9 <i>,</i> 078	187,515	7.0%	20,656
2013	695	15,566	346	5,051	9,427	198,030	5.6%	21,007
2014	619	15,370	361	5,717	9 <i>,</i> 685	207,683	4.9%	21,444
2015	771	17,334	433	5,534	10,023	219,484	5.7%	21,898
2016	590	17,295	324	5,842	10,289	230,937	5.2%	22,445
2017	659	19,402	347	6,285	10,601	244,054	5.7%	23,022
2018	607	19,691	374	9,929	10,834	253,816	4.0%	23,428

Note: Dollar amounts in \$000



# Table 17Membership Data

			 July 1, 2018	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016
			(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Act	ive members			
	a.	Number	11,880*	12,066*	12,103
	b.	Number vested	7,745	7,791	7,966
	с.	Annualized salaries	\$ 624,266,000	\$ 623,577,000	\$ 608,210,000
	d.	Average salary	52,548	51,681	50,253
	e.	Average age	47.5	47.3	47.1
	f.	Average service	11.3	11.1	11.1
2.	Ina	ctive participants			
	a.	Vested	3,457	3,409	3,432
	b.	Total annual benefits (deferred)	\$ 24,477,164	\$ 23,476,620	\$ 24,273,639
	с.	Average annual benefit	7,080	6,887	7,073
	d.	Nonvested	2,587	2,167	2,174
3.	Ser	vice retirees			
	a.	Number	8,614	8,376	8,084
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$ 218,548,693	\$ 209,754,055	\$ 198,363,966
	с.	Average annual benefit	25,371	25,042	24,538
	d.	Average age	69.5	69.5	68.5
4.	Disa	abled retirees			
	a.	Number	298	323	336
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$ 3,369,633	\$ 3,533,621	\$ 3,560,156
	с.	Average annual benefit	11,307	10,940	10,596
	d.	Average age	66.8	66.8	64.8
5.	Ber	neficiaries and spouses			
	a.	Number	1,922	1,902	1,869
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$ 31,897,751	\$ 30,766,682	\$ 29,012,963
	с.	Average annual benefit	16,596	16,176	15,523
	d.	Average age	69.0	69.7	67.8

\* Counts include the additional 170 Group D members.



Distribution of Group A Active Members by Age and by Years of Service Table 18a

\$45,076 \$57,355 \$57,914 \$58,312 106467 \$55,001 709 899 1,064 738 4,788 2 399 \$47,955 \$53,720 \$56,845 404 \$63,414 \$57,254 Total No. & Avg. Comp. \$57,824 34 \$66,408 37 \$69,644 12 \$88,631 84 \$70,906 35 & Over No. & Avg. Comp. 1,982 2,806 \$63,975 Males: -\$65,728 35 \$58,463 74 49 \$68,019 25 \$74,120 184 <sup>-</sup>emales: \$65,391 30-34 No. & Avg. Comp. \$60,958 131144105 \$58,072 \$66,165 45 472 \$62,610 47 \$61,487 \$67,462 25-29 No. & Avg. Comp. 106 168124 \$56,796 639 150 -\$38,750 25 \$61,266 \$62,447 \$59,987 65 \$64,755 \$60,379 \$54,102 20-24 No. & Avg. Comp. 4,616 172 176 178 215 131 946 \$56,659 106 83 <sup>-</sup>ully vested: 56 \$49,794 \$55,578 \$54,130 \$55,950 \$55,109 \$52,083 \$62,675 \$55,070 Not Vested: 15-19 No. & Avg. Comp. \$55,214 288 \$55,802 263 166\$55,665 290 329 343 369 2,133 2 \$47,955 83 \$44,943 \$55,692 \$55,709 \$57,953 \$54,955 \$58,477 10-14 No. & Avg. Comp. \$52,750 158 σ \$44,424 \$45,695 \$51,983 28 35 \$62,969 15 \$67,906 9 \$68,009 19 23 \$51,301 23 Number of participants: \$55,387 5-9 No. & Avg. Comp. \$46,717 ഹ б \$58,510 \$58,926 \$46,339 \$46,555 \$47,969 \$43,394 \$49,417 34 4 No. & Avg. Comp. 9 m 2 \$42,578 ഹ \$59,313 و \$46,710 m \$37,634 \$43,347 \$35,391 \$49,483 \$44,387 28 \$45,402 3 No. & Avg. Comp. \$39,510 4 \$48,547  $\infty$ \$52,655 m \$63,398  $\infty$ 10 \$47,206  $\infty$ \$47,294 m \$63,807 \$49,171 4 2 No. & Avg. Comp. 16.9352.65 Age: \$45,418 ഹ  $\infty$ Service: \$53,435 \$36,418 \$58,348 \$43,394 -\$33,301 4 \$73,799 \$91,187 35 \$49,666 1 No. & Avg. Comp. \$62,983 \$36,660 4  $\infty$ \$39,295 S 4 \$39,858 4 4 \$98,031 \$40,768 \$50,849 \$45,181 31 Average: 0 No. & Avg. Comp. Under 25 65 & Over Attained 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 Age Total

# Note: A former Group A employee who is rehired on or after January 1, 2008 is still a Group A employee.



Table 18b	Distribution of Group B Active Members by Age and by Years of Service
-----------	---

	7 \$51,575 67 \$49,783	36         53,1575         5           53,211         \$53,214         \$50,924           117         26         1         325           \$55,377         \$53,003         \$63,149         \$52,169	<pre>\$51, \$51, \$51, \$50, \$49, \$49, \$49, \$49, \$50, \$52, \$53,106 \$52, \$51,196 \$52, \$51,196 \$55, \$51,196 \$55, \$51,196</pre>	<ul> <li>\$51,</li> <li>\$51,</li> <li>\$51,</li> <li>\$53,003</li> <li>\$63,149</li> <li>\$52,</li> <li>\$53,003</li> <li>\$63,149</li> <li>\$52,</li> <li>\$54,395</li> <li>\$51,196</li> <li>\$55,994</li> <li>\$55,994</li></ul>
	2 \$57,668 41 \$48,262			
	3 \$54,877 2 19 1 \$47,691	\$54,8 \$47,6 \$48,8 \$46,4	\$54,8 \$47,6 \$48,8 \$46,4 \$47,6 \$55,1	\$54,8 \$47,6 \$46,4 \$46,4 \$55,1 \$55,1 1 \$49,5 \$49,5
	3 \$46,031	\$46,03 \$35,79 \$42,74		<del>ن</del> ې
	3 \$61,818		\$61,8 \$46,6 \$50,2 \$54,7 \$61,5	\$61,8 \$46,6 \$50,2 \$54,7 \$61,5 \$54,8 \$54,8
	1 \$67,974			
	2 \$40,529	2 \$40,529 2 \$39,437 2 \$60,767	2 \$40,529 \$39,437 \$60,767 3 \$48,852 \$49,005	2 \$40,529 \$39,437 \$60,767 3 \$48,852 \$49,005 \$49,005
	1 \$105,102	1 \$105,102 5 \$42,561 1 \$36,504	1 \$105,102 5 \$42,561 1 \$36,504 \$37,295 \$37,295	1 \$105,102 5 \$42,561 1 \$36,504 \$37,295 \$37,295 \$48,318 \$48,318
		4 \$33,790 \$101,369	4 \$33,790 \$101,369 3 \$62,019	4 \$33,790 \$101,369 3 \$62,019 \$62,019 \$56,976
		2 \$38,210 \$41,863	2 \$38,210 \$41,863	2 \$38,210 3 \$41,863 1 1 \$42,598
25.20	40-44	40-44 45-49 50-54	50-59 40-44 50-54 55-59 60-64	52-59 40-44 45-49 50-54 60-64 60-64 65 & Over Total

Note: A former Group B employee who is rehired on or after January 1, 2008 is still a Group B employee.

Distribution of Group D Active Members by Age and by Years of Service **Table 18c** 

Total No. & Avg. Comp.	184	\$34,655	745	\$39,186	996	\$45,152	896	\$49,784	674	\$51,774	661	\$51,545	585	\$50,680	489	\$54,805	349	\$55,242	175	\$58,576	5,724	\$48,696		
35 & Over No. & Avg. Comp.																							3,217	2,507
30-34 No. & Avg. Comp.																							Males:	Females:
25-29 No. & Avg. Comp.																								
20-24 No. & Avg. Comp.																							1,983	3,741
15-19 No. & Avg. Comp.																							Fully vested:	Not Vested: 3,741
10-14 No. & Avg. Comp.			ŝ	\$62,227	33	\$47,560	51	\$50,432	53	\$56,116	41	\$51,132	49	\$51,831	38	\$56,672	28	\$51,898	24	\$57,204	320	\$52,869	Ľ	2
5-9 No. & Avg. Comp.	4	\$37,466	104	\$39,251	263	\$45,844	286	\$52,043	193	\$57,364	221	\$53,685	190	\$53,409	163	\$56,679	148	\$58,750	91	\$57,440	1,663	\$52,566	articipants:	
4 No. & Avg. Comp.	10	\$35,847	87	\$40,661	100	\$46,856	113	\$49,657	75	\$49,770	70	\$51,294	59	\$48,854	49	\$48,561	38	\$60,475	19	\$58,776	620	\$48,698	Number of participants:	
3 No. & Avg. Comp.	14	\$35,378	87	\$40,555	113	\$46,376	103	\$50,799	87	\$53,466	78	\$51,373	62	\$57,044	49	\$56,913	38	\$53,365	15	\$45,817	646	\$49,838	Z	
2 No. & Avg. Comp.	32	\$34,581	127	\$38,070	162	\$45,217	112	\$47,483	78	\$47,654	90	\$51,843	69	\$46,667	78	\$51,511	43	\$47,574	ß	\$69,809	796	\$45,980	1.81	.24
1 No. & Avg. Comp.	56	\$34,965	147	\$38,885	135	\$41,336	105	\$50,889	94	\$48,954	75	\$50,961	77	\$45,867	55	\$52,549	28	\$48,375	12	\$60,717	784	\$45,315	Age: 41.81	Service: 4.24
0 No. & Avg. Comp.	68	\$33,944	190	\$38,462	160	\$44,741	126	\$44,802	94	\$44,121	86	\$46,798	79	\$47,964	57	\$58,442	26	\$54,045	6	\$85,456	895	\$44,566	Average:	
Attained Age	Under	25	25-29		30-34		35-39		40-44		45-49		50-54		55-59		60-64		65 &	Over	Total			

GRS Retirement Consulting Note: An additional 170 Group D members are not shown in this table because we did not receive sufficient data to categorize the members.

 Table 18d

 Distribution of All Active Members by Age and by Years of Service

Attained Age	u No. & Comp.	L No. & Avg. Comp.	د No. & Avg. Comp.	on Source Avg. Comp.	Avg. Comp.	No. & Avg. Comp.	AVG. & Avg. Comp.	No. & Avg. Comp.	20-24 No. & Avg. Comp.	25-29 No. & Avg. Comp.	30-34 No. & Avg. Comp.	35 & Over No. & Avg. Comp.	No. & Avg. Comp.
Under 25	68	56	32	14	10	4							184
	\$33,944	\$34,965	\$34,581	\$35,378	\$35,847	\$37,466							\$34,655
25-29	190	147	127	87	87	104	Ъ						747
	\$38,462	\$38,885	\$38,070	\$40,555	\$40,661	\$39,251	\$56,518						\$39,209
30-34	164	137	166	115	101	272	116	1					1,072
	\$44,544	\$41,512	\$45,297	\$46,310	\$46,972	\$45,797	\$45,687	\$56,659					\$45,144
35-39	134	112	120	110	120	305	339	59	c				1,302
	\$44,473	\$49,985	\$47,828	\$51,000	\$50,198	\$51,648	\$54,901	\$50,052	\$51,362				\$51,000
40-44	100	101	82	93	77	219	345	125	66				1,208
	\$44,185	\$48,709	\$48,931	\$53,030	\$49,967	\$56,788	\$55,715	\$54,379	\$50,474				\$52,911
45-49	92	84	103	83	81	255	371	202	218	83	1		1,573
	\$46,309	\$50,583	\$50,435	\$50,832	\$49,983	\$53,227	\$57,139	\$53,455	\$57,155	\$55,964	\$65,728		\$53,854
50-54	86	87	80	70	66	228	396	202	283	248	61	2	1,809
	\$48,450	\$46,915	\$46,608	\$55,487	\$48,545	\$53,190	\$55,179	\$54,823	\$56,670	\$58,325	\$56,136	\$60,487	\$54,265
55-59	61	59	88	55	60	221	409	241	256	228	105	56	1,839
	\$61,038	\$52,704	\$50,804	\$55,734	\$49,449	\$57,474	\$55,056	\$54,302	\$57,243	\$57,891	\$61,147	\$60,432	\$56,172
60-64	27	32	47	42	44	172	293	151	184	166	65	54	1,277
	\$53,553	\$51,553	\$48,626	\$52,301	\$58,169	\$59,694	\$54,830	\$52,487	\$55,568	\$62,289	\$66,469	\$65,347	\$57,016
0	10	14	ъ	16	23	102	192	92	109	06	31	15	669
	\$82,268	\$68,971	\$69,809	\$46,046	\$57,383	\$57,932	\$58,835	\$61,867	\$59,862	\$60,284	\$76,059	\$81,550	\$60,977
Total	932	829	850	685	699	1,882	2,466	1,073	1,119	815	263	127	11,710
	\$44,762	\$45,760	\$46,166	\$49,625	\$48,744	\$52,846	\$55,290	\$54,411	\$56,646	\$58,987	\$63,075	\$65,017	\$52,604
Average:		Age:	47.50	Number of	Number of participants	::	Fully vested:	;d:	7,745	Males:		6,592	
		Service:	11.25				Not Vested:	÷	3.965	Females:		5.118	

**APPENDIX A** 

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS



#### **APPENDIX A**

#### **Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The following methods and assumptions were used in preparing the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation. Most of these assumptions were adopted by the Board effective for the July 1, 2015 valuation.

Several economic assumptions were adopted effective July 1, 2016 to reflect the investment return assumption becoming a prescribed assumption under state statute.

#### 1. Valuation Date

The valuation date is July 1st of each plan year. This is the date as of which the actuarial present value of future benefits and the actuarial value of assets are determined.

#### 2. Actuarial Cost Method (Prescribed Method under Actuarial Standards of Practice)

The actuarial valuation uses the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the employer contribution rate is the sum of (i) the employer normal cost rate, and (ii) a rate that will amortize the unfunded actuarial liability.

- a. The valuation is prepared on the projected benefit basis, under which the present value, at the investment return rate assumed to be earned in the future (7.0 percent), of each participant's expected benefit payable at retirement or death is determined, based on his/ her age, service, sex and compensation. The calculations take into account the probability of a participant's death or termination of employment prior to becoming eligible for a benefit, as well as the possibility of his/her terminating with a service, disability, or survivor's benefit. Future salary increases are also anticipants is added to the present value of the expected benefits payable on account of the active participants and beneficiaries to obtain the present value of all expected benefits payable from the Plan on account of the present group of participants and beneficiaries.
- b. The employer contributions required to support the benefits of the Plan are determined using a level funding approach, and consist of a normal cost contribution and an accrued liability contribution.
- c. The normal contribution is determined using the "entry age normal" method. Under this cost method, a calculation is made to determine the average uniform and constant percentage rate of employer contribution which, if applied to the compensation of each participant during the entire period of his/her anticipated covered service, would be required to meet the cost of all benefits payable on his behalf based on the benefits provisions for new employees hired on or after the valuation date.
- d. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for each member is the difference between their



present value of future benefits (PVFB), based on the tier of benefits that apply to the member, and their present value of future normal costs determined using the normal cost rate described in item c above. For inactive and retired members their AAL is equal to their PVFB.

e. The Legacy Liability payments were established in the Initial RSVS valuation. Each subsequent valuation a liability (gain)/loss layer is established that is the difference between the sum of (i) the remaining Legacy Liability and (ii) the remaining liability (gain)/ loss layers, and the unfunded accrued liability. The amortization payment for each liability (gain)/loss layer is determined by amortizing the layer over 30 years with the first payment made one year after the valuation in which the layer was established.

The contribution rate determined by this valuation will not be effective until one year later and the determination of the rate reflects this deferral. It is assumed that there will be no change in the employer normal cost rate due to the deferral, and it is assumed that payments are made uniformly throughout the year.

#### 3. Actuarial Value of Assets

The actuarial value of assets is equal to the market value of assets less a five-year phase in of the excess (shortfall) between expected investment return and actual income. The actual calculation is based on the difference between actual market value and the expected actuarial value of assets each year, and recognizes the cumulative excess return (or shortfall) at a minimum rate of 20% per year. Each year a base is set up to reflect this difference. If the current year's base is of opposite sign to the deferred bases then it is offset dollar for dollar against the deferred bases. Any remaining bases are then recognized over the remaining period for the base (5 less the number of years between the base year and the valuation year). This is intended to ensure the smoothed value of assets will converge towards the market value in a reasonable amount of time.

Expected earnings are determined using the assumed investment return rate and the beginning of year actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of investment expenses.

The actuarial value of assets was marked to market value as of July 1, 2016 by recognizing all deferred investment shortfalls on that date. The method described above begin again with the 2017 valuation.



#### 4. Economic Assumptions

- a. Investment return: 7.00% per year, compounded annually, composed of an assumed
   2.25% inflation rate and a 4.75% net real rate of return. This rate represents the assumed return, net of all investment expenses.
- b. Salary increase rate: A 2.25% inflation component, plus a 0.75% general increase, plus a service-related component as follows:

		Total Annual Rate of Increase
		Including 2.25% Inflation
	Service-related	Component and 0.75%
Years of Service	Component	General Increase Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)
1	2.25%	5.25%
2	2.25	5.25
3	2.75	5.75
4	2.25	5.25
5	1.75	4.75
6	1.50	4.50
7	1.25	4.25
8	1.00	4.00
9	0.75	3.75
10-24	0.50	3.50
25+	0.00	3.00

c. Payroll growth rate: In the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, payroll is assumed to increase 2.75% per year. This increase rate is solely due to the effect of inflation on salaries, with no allowance for future membership growth.

The investment return assumption is established in statute at 7.0% and therefore is considered a prescribed assumption under the Actuarial Standards of Practice.



#### 5. <u>Demographic Assumptions</u>

#### a. Retirement Rates

	Expected Retirements per 100 Lives						
	Group A &	B Members	Group D Members				
Age	Males	Females	Males	Females			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
45-49	15	12	0	0			
50-54	10	11	3	3			
55	10	11	4	4			
56	10	11	5	5			
57	10	11	6	6			
58	10	11	7	7			
59	10	11	8	8			
60	12	11	10	10			
61	14	11	13	13			
62	16	20	35	35			
63	18	18	25	18			
64	20	12	18	20			
65	20	22	20	20			
66-69	20	20	20	19			
70-74	20	25	20	19			
75+	100	100	100	100			

#### b. DROP Participation

65% of eligible members are assumed to enter DROP.

#### c. DROP Entry Date

Those active members (not already in DROP) are assumed to enter DROP when first eligible. For members who have already entered DROP, the actual DROP entry date supplied in the data is used.

#### d. DROP Interest Credit

Interest is credited as 50% of the average five-year investment return, with a minimum of 2.5% and a maximum of 7.5%. Assumed to be 4.00% per year.



e. Mortality rates (active members)

Based on the Retired Pensioners 2000 Mortality Table (combined). Rates are scaled by 90% for male and 80% for female. 90% of the rates are assumed to be for non- service related deaths and 10% for service related deaths.

	Rates							
	Non- service	Non- service	Service related	Service related				
Age	related Male	related Female	Male	Female				
20	0.000279	0.000138	0.000031	0.000015				
25	0.000305	0.000149	0.000034	0.000017				
30	0.000360	0.000190	0.000040	0.000021				
35	0.000626	0.000342	0.000070	0.000038				
40	0.000874	0.000508	0.000097	0.000056				
45	0.001221	0.000809	0.000136	0.000090				
50	0.001732	0.001207	0.000192	0.000134				
55	0.002935	0.001956	0.000326	0.000217				
60	0.005465	0.003640	0.000607	0.000404				
65	0.010317	0.006988	0.001146	0.000776				
70	0.017987	0.012054	0.001999	0.001339				
75	0.030646	0.020236	0.003405	0.002248				

Sample rates are shown below:

Mortality rates (retired members and beneficiaries):

Healthy Retirees and beneficiaries: Gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment. Male rates are multiplied by 125% and female rates are multiplied by 112%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements.

Disabled Retirees: Gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment. Male rates are multiplied by 125% and female rates are multiplied by 112%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. Rates are set-forward five years. A minimum rate of 0.04 is applied to male and 0.03 to female.



Sample rates are shown below:

	Rates							
Attained Age	Healthy	Healthy	Disabled	Disabled				
in 2014	Male	Female	Male	Female				
45	0.002149	0.001489	0.040000	0.030000				
50	0.002891	0.002108	0.040000	0.030000				
55	0.005029	0.002918	0.040000	0.030000				
60	0.009369	0.004815	0.040000	0.030000				
65	0.016403	0.009835	0.040000	0.030000				
70	0.027069	0.017625	0.043632	0.030000				
75	0.043632	0.029215	0.071367	0.046301				
80	0.071367	0.046301	0.116414	0.078599				
85	0.116414	0.078599	0.194603	0.131126				
90	0.194603	0.131126	0.298126	0.198245				
95	0.298126	0.198245	0.412954	0.255008				
100	0.412954	0.255008	0.497358	0.328290				

#### f. Termination Rates and Disability Rates

Termination rates (for causes other than death, disability or retirement):

Termination rates are a function of the member's age and service. Termination rates are not applied after a member becomes eligible for a retirement benefit. Rates at selected ages are shown below.

						Years of	Service					
_	Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
	20	0.3244	0.2682	0.2300	0.2060	0.1926	0.1824	0.1617	0.1507	0.1400	0.1278	0.0541
	30	0.2585	0.2146	0.1808	0.1563	0.1396	0.1275	0.1143	0.1057	0.0985	0.0919	0.0449
	40	0.2003	0.1645	0.1351	0.1124	0.0954	0.0832	0.0750	0.0683	0.0634	0.0603	0.0357
	50	0.1559	0.1258	0.1013	0.0824	0.0681	0.0577	0.0510	0.0454	0.0411	0.0383	0.0265
	60	0.1341	0.1083	0.0887	0.0740	0.0634	0.0557	0.0469	0.0407	0.0344	0.0277	0.0173

Probability of Decrement Due to Withdrawal – Male Members

#### Probability of Decrement Due to Withdrawal – Female Members

						Years of	Service					
_	Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10+
	20	0.2811	0.2574	0.2344	0.2123	0.1912	0.1711	0.1506	0.1282	0.1040	0.0784	0.1385
	30	0.2155	0.1943	0.1736	0.1539	0.1356	0.1188	0.1032	0.0879	0.0730	0.0585	0.0795
	40	0.1688	0.1460	0.1250	0.1063	0.0903	0.0770	0.0664	0.0581	0.0517	0.0472	0.0367
	50	0.1510	0.1223	0.0984	0.0791	0.0645	0.0544	0.0481	0.0452	0.0453	0.0481	0.0339
	60	0.1794	0.1373	0.1049	0.0812	0.0653	0.0570	0.0540	0.0552	0.0601	0.0682	0.0339



Rates of Decrement Due to Disability							
			Service-related	Service-related			
Age	Males	Females	Males	Females			
 20	0.000004	0.000006	0.000000	0.000001			
25	0.000009	0.000013	0.000001	0.000002			
30	0.000073	0.000065	0.000005	0.000008			
35	0.000318	0.000102	0.000022	0.000013			
40	0.000650	0.000234	0.000045	0.000029			
45	0.001259	0.000528	0.000087	0.000066			
50	0.002195	0.001256	0.000151	0.000157			
55	0.003171	0.002021	0.000219	0.000253			
60	0.004188	0.002436	0.000289	0.000305			

Rates of Decrement Due to Disability

Rates of disability are reduced to zero once a member becomes eligible for retirement.

- 6. Other Assumptions
  - a. Projected payroll for contribution purposes: The aggregate projected payroll for the fiscal year following the valuation date is calculated by increasing the actual payroll paid during the previous fiscal year to all members (actives, terminated and retired) by the payroll growth rate and multiplying by the ratio of current active members to the average number of active members during the previous fiscal year.
  - b. Percent married: 70% of employees are assumed to be married. (No beneficiaries other than the spouse assumed). The 70% assumption is intended to provide sufficient margin to cover the costs of any surviving children benefits.
  - c. Age difference: Male members are assumed to be three years older than their spouses, and female members are assumed to be three years younger than their spouses.
  - d. Percent electing annuity on death (when eligible): All of the spouses of vested, married participants are assumed to elect an annuity.
  - e. Percent electing deferred termination benefit: Vested terminating members are assumed to elect a refund or a deferred benefit, whichever is more valuable at the time of termination.
  - f. There will be no recoveries once disabled.
  - g. No surviving spouse will remarry.
  - h. Assumed age for commencement of deferred benefits: Members electing to receive a deferred benefit are assumed to commence receipt at the first age at which unreduced benefits are available.
  - i. Administrative expenses: The administrative expenses of the plan are added into the employer contribution rate as a percentage of payroll.
  - j. Pay increase timing: Beginning of (fiscal) year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.



- k. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- I. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
- m. Decrement relativity: Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.
- n. Incidence of Contributions: Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made.
- o. Benefit Service: All members are assumed to accrue 1 year of service each year. Fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.
- p. Retiree DROP Balances Payout Duration: It is assumed that retirees will receive their DROP balances in equal installments over the eight years following retirement.
- q. COLA is assumed to be 1.00% per year for almost all members effective 7/1/2017. Group D members who terminated prior to the effective date of the 2017 legislation are not eligible for a COLA.

#### 7. Participant Data

Participant data was supplied on electronic files. There were separate files for (i) active members, (ii) inactive members, and (iii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birth date, sex, most recent hire date, salary paid during last fiscal year, hours worked by the employee, and employee contribution amounts. For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, sex, amount of monthly benefit, and date of retirement. Also included was the member's Group and for members participating in DROP, their account balances and monthly DROP income.

Most healthy and disabled retirees are assumed to have an 80% joint and survivor form of payment (a small group of retirees is only eligible for a 50% joint and survivor annuity), prorated by the 70% marriage assumption and reflecting the 3 year spousal age differential.

All non-children beneficiaries are assumed to have life only benefits and all children beneficiaries' annuities are assumed to stop at age 21.

Salary for the prior fiscal year as well as an annualized rate of pay is provided in the data. The annualized rate increased by one-year's salary increase is the rate of pay the member is assumed to earn in the upcoming fiscal year.

Except as noted below, assumptions were made to correct for missing, or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

We received salary information on City of Houston employees employed by HFC, HFF, and CCSI. Where we had additional information because of prior HMEPS service, we added the salary information and treated the records as active employees. For the 170 records where we had no additional information, we assumed these records were Group D members and we grossed up the Group D liabilities and payroll to reflect these additions.



#### 8. Group Transfers

We assume no current Group B members will transfer to Group A.

#### 9. Change in Assumptions Since Prior Valuation

There have been no changes in the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation.



Appendix B

Summary of Plan Provisions



#### **APPENDIX B**

#### **Summary of Plan Provisions**

The provisions summarized in this section apply to persons who are members (active employees). Former members may have been covered under different plan provisions, depending on their dates of separation from service.

#### 1. Covered Members

Any person who is a participant of Group A, under the original act.

Persons who became employees of the City of Houston after September 1, 1981 and prior to September 1, 1999, and elected officials of the City of Houston who assumed office after September 1, 1981 and prior to September 1, 1999, participate in Group B, but may make an irrevocable election to participate in Group A instead.

Persons who become employees of the City and persons who are elected as City officials after September 1, 1999 and prior to January 1, 2008 become members of Group A. Certain persons who were or became a Director of a City Department, Chief Administrative Officer, or Executive Director of HMEPS on or after September 1, 1999 and prior to January 1, 2005 participate in Group C. Effective January 1, 2005, all Group C participation ceased and all Group C participants became Group A participants. Accruals earned by Group C participants prior to January 1, 2005 are retained, but all future accruals are based on the Group A formulas.

All future references to Group C participants in this appendix are intended to reflect this change in the Group C status.

Covered employees newly hired on or after January 1, 2008 will be members of Group D.

A former employee who is rehired on or after January 1, 2008 is a member of the group in which such employee participated at the time of his/her immediately preceding separation from service.

#### 2. Monthly Final Average Salary (FAS)

The sum of the seventy-eight highest biweekly salaries paid to a member during his period of credited service, divided by thirty-six. Salary includes base pay, longevity pay, and any shift differential pay. If there are fewer than seventy-eight biweekly salaries, the FAS is determined by multiplying the average of all biweekly salaries paid to the member during the period of credited service by 26 and dividing the product by 12.

#### 3. Credited Service

All services and work performed by an employee, including prior service. For members of Group A and former Group C, all services and work performed after September 1, 1943 must



have been accompanied by corresponding contributions to HMEPS by the employee or legally authorized repayments must have been made. The contribution requirement applies to all Group B and Group D members effective with the first full pay period on or after July 1, 2017. Credited service for former participants in Group C means the number of years of eligible service after the executive official's effective date of participation in Group C. A former Group C member receives two times the number of actual years of credited service in Group C solely for the purpose of fulfilling the eligibility requirements in Group C.

If former Group D and pre-1997 Group B members who forfeited their previous noncontributory credited service are rehired they will regain a year of forfeited non-contributory credited service for each year of service earned upon reemployment.

- 4. Normal Retirement
  - a. Eligibility For participants in Group A or Group B, or, a former Group C member who became a Group A member as of January 1, 2005, the earliest of:
    - (i) age 62 and 5 years of Credited Service
    - (ii) 5 years of Credited Service, and age plus years of Credited Service equal 70 or more, provided that, prior to January 1, 2005, the participant had at least five years of credited service and the combination of age and years of credited service was equal to or greater than 68.
    - (iii) 5 years of Credited Service, and age plus years of Credited Service equal 75 or more with minimum age 50.

For participants in Group D

Age 62 and 5 years of Credited Service

b. Benefit <u>Prior to January 1, 2005:</u>

Group A: 3.25% of FAS for each of the first 10 years of Credited Service plus 3.50% of FAS for Credited Service greater than 10 years but less than 20 years plus 4.25% of FAS for each year of Credited Service greater than 20 years (excludes period of DROP participation). Maximum benefit is 90% of FAS for all future retirees.

Group B: 1.75% of FAS for each of the first 10 years of Credited Service plus 2.00% of FAS for Credited Service greater than 10 years but less than 20 years, plus 2.75% of FAS for each year of Credited Service greater than 20 years (excludes period of DROP participation). Maximum benefit is 90% of FAS for all future retirees.

Group C: Double the rate for Group A

All accruals after January 1, 2005:



All accruals under the prior multipliers were frozen as of January 1, 2005 and the following benefit multipliers apply to service on or after that date:

Group A: 2.50% of FAS for each of the first 20 years of Credited Service plus 3.25% of FAS for each year of Credited Service greater than 20 years (excludes period of DROP participation). Maximum benefit is 90% of FAS for all future retirees.

Group B: 1.75% of FAS for each of the first 10 years of Credited Service plus 2.00% of FAS for Credited Service greater than 10 years but less than 20 years, plus 2.50% of FAS for each year of Credited Service greater than 20 years (excludes period of DROP participation).Maximum benefit is 90% of FAS for all future retirees.

Group D: 1.80% of FAS for each of the first 25 years of Credited Service, plus 1.00% of FAS for each year of Credited Service greater than 25 years. Maximum benefit is 90% of FAS for all future retirees.

#### 5. Early Retirement (Group D only)

a.	Eligibility	(i)	at least ten years of Credited Service; or
		(ii)	at least five years of Credited Service and a combination of age and service equals or is greater than 75.
b.	Benefit	Accrue	ed normal retirement benefit reduced by 0.25% for each month

#### 6. Vested Pension

a. Eligibility 5 years of Credited Service.

you are less than age 62.

b. Benefit Group A and Group C: Either the accrued normal retirement benefit with payments beginning at the normal retirement eligibility date or a refund of employee contributions, if any, without interest.

Group B and Group D: Accrued normal retirement benefit payable at the normal retirement eligibility date.

If the actuarial present value of a pension is less than \$20,000, a terminated participant who is not eligible to begin receiving a pension may request an early lump sum distribution of the pension. Such early lump sum distribution is irrevocable. Credited Service associated therewith can be reinstated after reemployment and pursuant to the rules of the plan.

#### 7. Withdrawal Benefit

If a nonvested contributory member withdraws from service with less than 5 years, a refund of the member's contributions is made without interest, upon request.



#### 8. Service-Connected Disability Retirement

- a. Eligibility Any age
- b. Benefit Current:

Group A: Accrued normal retirement benefit, but not less than 20% of final monthly salary at time of disability plus 1% of final monthly salary per year of Credited Service, to a maximum of 40% of final monthly salary.

Group B and Group D: Accrued normal retirement benefit, but not less than 20% of final monthly salary at time of disability.

After July 1, 2017:

Accrued normal retirement benefit, but not less than 20% of final monthly salary at time of disability plus 1% of final monthly salary per year of Credited Service, to a maximum of 40% of final monthly salary.

#### 9. Non-service-Connected Disability Retirement

- a. Eligibility 5 years of Credited Service.
- b. Benefit Accrued normal retirement benefit payable immediately

#### 10. Pre-retirement Survivor Benefits

- A. Service-connected
  - a. Eligibility Any age or Credited Service
  - b. Benefit Current:

If there is a surviving spouse, 100% of FAS payable to the spouse. 10% of FAS is payable to each qualifying dependent to a maximum of 20% for all dependents. Surviving spouse's benefit will be reduced by the amount of dependent benefits. If no surviving spouse, dependent benefits are 50% of the amount a surviving spouse would have received for each dependent to a maximum of 100% for all dependents in the aggregate.

Effective July 1, 2017:

If there is a surviving spouse, the spousal survivor benefit is 80% of the participant's final average salary, payable immediately.



#### B. Non service-connected

- a. Eligibility 5 years of Credited Service
- b. Benefit Current:

## Benefits for survivorship of vested Group D members after January 1, 2008:

Death of active employee: If there is a surviving spouse, 100% of accrued pension is payable to the spouse. 10% of accrued pension is payable to each qualifying dependent to a maximum of 20% for all dependents. Surviving spouse's benefit will be reduced by the amount of dependent benefits. If no surviving spouse, dependent benefits are 50% of the amount a surviving spouse would have received for each dependent to a maximum of 100% for all dependents in the aggregate.

Death of terminated vested employee (not yet retired): If participant selected Optional Annuity then benefit will be paid based on selected option. If the participant did not select an optional annuity then if there is a surviving spouse the participant will be deemed to have selected the 50% J&S Optional Annuity. If the participant did not select an Optional Annuity and there is no surviving spouse then no benefit is payable.

#### For all other Groups on or after August 1, 2001:

If there is a surviving spouse, 100% of accrued normal retirement benefit payable to the spouse and 10% of accrued normal retirement benefit to each qualifying dependent to a maximum of 20% for all dependents in the aggregate. The surviving spouse's benefit will be reduced by dependent benefits, if any. If there is no surviving spouse, each dependent will receive 50% of the benefit a surviving spouse would have received subject to a maximum of 100% of a surviving spouse's benefit for all dependents in the aggregate.

Effective July 1, 2017:

If an active Group A, Group B or Group D member with at least 5 years of credited service dies while still in service with the City (offduty death), the spousal survivor benefit will be 80% of the normal accrued pension, payable immediately, provided that the spouse was married to the participant for at least one continuous year as of the date of death. If such spouse was married less than one continuous year as of the date of death, the survivor benefit is 50% of the normal accrued pension.



If a Group A or Group B deferred participant (not yet receiving a pension benefit) dies, the spousal survivor benefit is 50% of the normal accrued pension, payable at the participant's eligibility date. However, the surviving spouse can elect an earlier actuarially equivalent benefit.

#### 11. Postretirement Survivor Benefits

#### All Groups except Option-Eligible Participants Prior to June 30, 2017:

If there is a surviving spouse, 100% of the retirement benefit the deceased retiree was receiving at the time of death payable to the spouse and 10% of that retirement benefit payable to each qualifying dependent to a maximum of 20% for all dependents. The surviving spouse's benefit will be reduced by dependent benefits, if any. If there is no surviving spouse, each dependent will receive 50% of the benefit a surviving spouse would have received subject to 100% of a surviving spouse's benefit for all dependents in the aggregate.

### <u>All Groups except Option-Eligible Participants On or After July 1, 2017:</u>

If there is a surviving spouse, 80% of the retirement benefit the deceased retiree was receiving at the time of death payable immediately, provided that the spouse was married to the retiree at the time of death and for at least one continuous year as of the date of separation from service (the marriage requirement applies for separations from service on or after July 1, 2017). If such spouse was married less than one continuous year as of the date of separation from service (the marriage requirement applies for separation from service (the marriage requirement applies for separation from service on or after July 1, 2017). If such spouse was married less than one continuous year as of the date of separation from service on or after July 1, 2017), the spousal survivor benefit is 50% of the retirement benefit being received by the retiree at the time of death.

#### **Option-Eligible Participants:**

Life only to the retiree. Option-Eligible Participants may elect other options based on actuarial factors.

All Group D members, Group A & B members who terminate after June 30, 2011 eligible for a normal retirement benefits and who are not married at their termination of service, and Group B members who terminated prior to September 1, 1997 and who are eligible for a normal retirement benefit are Option-Eligible Participants.



#### 12. Benefit Adjustments

#### Prior to June 30, 2017:

Each year, effective February 1, monthly benefits will be increased 3.0%, not compounded, for all retirees and survivors. This will affect all members currently in payment status and members who enter payment status in the future. For members hired on or after January 1, 2005 future increases will be 2.0%, not compounded. However, pre-2005 retirees who are rehired will receive a 3% COLA on their subsequent benefit instead. No COLA for Group D members.

#### On or after July 1, 2017:

COLAs are calculated as half of the average five-year investment return less five percentage points, with a minimum of 0% and a maximum of 2%, not compounded. Group D retirees, who terminated after the effective date of the 2017 Legislation, will receive COLAs in the future. For employees who are participating in DROP, COLAs will be delayed until the earlier of their age at retirement or age 62 as of January 1 of the year in which the increase is made.

## 13. <u>Contribution Rates. (all rates occur as of the first full pay period on or after the applicable effective date)</u>

- a. Members Effective July 1, 2017, 7% of salary for Group A members, 2% of salary for Group B members and 2% of salary for Group D members. For Group D, beginning January 1, 2018, in addition to the 2%, employees contribute 1% to a notional account that will be credited with the DROP Credit interest. Effective July 1, 2018, the total contribution increases to 8% of salary for Group A members and 4% of salary for Group B members.
- b. City Beginning in 1993, the rate required to fund the Retirement Fund on an actuarial reserve basis. However, effective September 1, 1999, the minimum contribution rate is equal to the greater of 10% of covered payroll or twice the contribution rate a Group A member is required to make by statute. Under the ARM&CA between the Board and the City of Houston, the City will contribute the greater of \$108.5 million or 21.36% of payroll in fiscal year 2013. Contributions in future fiscal years increase by the greater of \$10 million or 2% of payroll over the prior year's rate until such time that the City's contribution rate equals the actuarially determined contribution rate.

Effective July 1, 2017, the City's contribution obligation is set by state statute as described in the RSVS Section.



#### 14. Deferred Retirement Option

- a. Eligibility Participants (other than Group D) who are eligible to retire but who have not retired and who remain in service with the City may participate in the DROP.
- b. Monthly DROP Credit

An amount equal to the accrued normal retirement benefit as of the effective date of DROP participation. The Monthly DROP Credit is credited to a notional account (DROP Account) on the last calendar day each month.

c. DROP Credit Interest

Interest is credited to the DROP Account at the beginning of each day based on the DROP Account balance at the end of the previous day and posted monthly on the last calendar day of each month. Effective July 1, 2017, the annual interest rate effective beginning January 1 each year is half of the average five-year investment return, not less than 2.50% and not greater than 7.5%. The assumed DROP Credit interest is 4.00%.

d. DROP Credits-COLA

#### On or after July 1, 2017:

COLAs will not be given if the DROP participant is younger than age 62. When the DROP participant attains at least age 62 as of January 1 of the year of the increase, COLAs are calculated as half of the average five-year investment return less five percentage points, with a minimum of 0% and a maximum of 2%, not compounded.

#### Between January 1, 2005 and December 31, 2016

The Monthly DROP Credit for participants who entered the DROP effective on or before January 1 of the then current year will be increased effective February 1 each year by 3.0%, not compounded.

The Monthly DROP Credit for Group A and Group B participants who were first hired on or after January 1, 2005 who entered the DROP effective on or before January 1 of the then current year will be increased effective February 1 each year by 2.0%, not compounded.

#### e. DROP Account Balance

The sum of a participant's Monthly DROP (DROP Benefit) Credits, Monthly DROP Credit Adjustments, applicable interest, and employee contributions as applicable.



#### 15. <u>DROP Benefit Pay-out</u> A terminated DROP participant may elect to:

- a. Receive the entire DROP Account Balance in a lump sum.
- b. Receive the DROP Account Balance in periodic payments as approved by the Pension Board.
- c. Receive a portion of the DROP Account balance in a lump sum and the remainder in periodic payments as approved by the Pension Board.
- d. Receive a partial payment of not less than \$1,000, no more than once each ninety (90) days.
- e. Defer election of a payout option until a future date.
- 16. <u>Post DROP Retirement</u> The Final Pension is the accrued normal retirement benefit as of the effective date of DROP participation, increased with COLAs since DROP entry.

#### **Changes in Plan Provisions Since Prior Year**

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions of the System since the prior valuation.

